

food - information notification for follow-up - official control on the market - Palm oil - Poland - 3-monochlor-1,2-propanediol (3-MCPD)

Notification Link <https://webgate.ec.europa.eu/irasff/notification/view/459313>

General Information

Notification number: 459313
Reference: 2021.0019
Notification type: food
Notification basis: official control on the market
Notification classification: information notification for follow-up
Product name: Palm oil
Product category: fats and oils
Notifying country: Poland
Notifying Country region:
CP Reference: B#.RA.420.1123.2020
Date of notification: 04/01/2021
Subject: 3-MCPD esters in refined palm oil from Germany
Infosan Informed: No
eCommerce Related: No
Mutual recognition: No
Notification status: EC VALIDATED
04/01/2021 16:30:57
Follow-up status: 468795
EC VALIDATED
04/03/2021 09:23:22
PL
Number of follow-ups: 20

Distribution Status

no distribution from notifying country

Countries notified for the notification and associated follow-up

For follow-up: Austria, Belgium, Switzerland, Czech Republic, Germany, France, Hungary, Lithuania, Netherlands, Poland, Sweden, Slovakia

Countries notified for the notification and associated follow-up

For attention: Latvia

Risk

Serious risk: Undecided

Impact on: human health

Motivate serious risk: According to the risk assessment prepared by NIPH-NIH experts and taking into account the possible exceeding of the tolerable daily intake in various groups of consumers, it should be considered that the food in question poses a risk to consumers' health and should not be consumed and used as frying fat.

Number of people affected:

Illness / patient's symptoms:

Other hazards:

AAC

Non compliance:

Non compliance description:

National legislation:

Potential financial impact:

Fraud:

AAC/FF cases:

Products

Product name: Palm oil

Product category: fats and oils

Product description

Product name on label: Palm oil

Brand/trade name:

Product aspect:

Barcode no.:

Other labelling:

Weight: 1470.0 g

Temperature: ambient

Sampling

Sampling date: 24/08/2020

Sampling info:

Sampling place: retailer

Analysis

Laboratory: wojewódzka Stacja Sanitarno- Epidemiologiczna

Street: Piel#gniarek 6

Locality: Lublin

ZipCode: 20-708

Country: poland

**Sample treatment /
analytical matrix:**

Analytical method(s): PB-04/SA edition 6 on 20.02.2020/GC-MS

Number of samples: 1

Counter analysis: none

Hazard

Hazard identified: 3-monochlor-1,2-propanediol (3-MCPD)

Analytical result: 5138 +/- 1028 µg/kg - ppb

Outcome of analysis:

EU legislation: 178/2002

laying down the general principles and requirements of food law,
establishing the European Food Safety Authority and laying down
procedures in matters of food safety

Specify / other legislation:

Maximum permitted level:

Traceability

Distribution status: no distribution from notifying country

Consignment

Consignment / lot number: L201571V542
Origin: Germany
Public health certificate number:
Public health certificate date:
CVED number:
Other document:
Number:
Durability date: best before 03/06/2021
Description of the lot no. of units:
Description of the lot total net weight:

Operator

Operator type: supplier
Name: Olenex Sàrl
ApprovalNumber:
Address: La Pièce 3
Location: Rolle
Postal code: 1180
Country: Switzerland
Distribution to: Hungary, Sweden, Germany, Poland, Lithuania, Slovakia, Austria, Czech Republic

Attachment(s):

Operator type: packer/filler
Name: VOG Polska Sp. z o.o.
ApprovalNumber:
Address: Przemyslowa 8
Location: Skierniewice
Postal code: 96-100
Country: Poland
Distribution to:
Attachment(s):

Operator type: manufacturer
Name: Olenex Edible Oils GmbH
ApprovalNumber:
Address: Nordstraße 40
Location: Brake
Postal code: 26919
Country: Germany
Distribution to: Poland
Attachment(s):

Operator type: recipient/consignee
Name: Interfood Polska Sp. z o.o.
ApprovalNumber:
Address: Madali#skiego 20/1c
Location: Warszawa
Postal code: 02-513
Country: Poland
Distribution to: Slovakia
Attachment(s):

Measures

Measure taken in: Poland
Measure taken: withdrawal from the market
Measure type: obligatory
Taken by: authority
Contact person:
Additional info:
Entry into force:
Duration:
Internet:

Related products

Product name: Products containing implicated palm oil
Product category: fats and oils
Product relation: processed product

Traceability

Distribution status: distribution to other member countries

Consignment

Consignment / lot number: See recipient list

Origin: Poland

Public health certificate number:

Public health certificate date:

CVED number:

Other document:

Number:

Durability date:

Description of the lot no. of units:

Description of the lot total net weight:

Operator

Operator type: producer

Name: Wytwórnia T#uszczów ADM Czernin S.A.

ApprovalNumber:

Address: Górkki 14

Location: Sztum

Postal code: 82-400

Country: Poland

Distribution to: Poland,Lithuania

Attachment(s):

Operator type: producer

Name: UNFET Sp. z o.o.

ApprovalNumber:

Address: Gra#yny 15

Location: Gliwice

Postal code: 44-100

Country: Poland

Distribution to: Latvia,Hungary,Slovakia

Attachment(s):

Operator type: producer
Name: Elstar Fats Sp. z o.o.
ApprovalNumber:
Address: Marynarki Wojennej 2c
Location: Stare Pole
Postal code: 82-220
Country: Poland
Distribution to: Poland,Ukraine
Attachment(s):

Measures

Measure taken in: Poland
Measure taken: informing recipient(s)
Measure type: voluntary
Taken by: producer
Contact person:
Additional info: UNFET Sp. z o.o.
Entry into force:
Duration:
Internet:

Additional information

Date of last change of status: 04/03/2021 09:23:22

#459313 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference: B#.RA.420.1123.2020
Organisation / ministry: Chief Sanitary Inspectorate
Contact person: Izabela Czy#ewska rasff_poland@gis.gov.pl
Additional information:

fup1 #459830 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Germany - Niedersachsen

CP Reference: 1_002_210114_1_NI
Organisation / ministry: Bundesamt für Verbraucherschutz und Lebensmittelsicherheit, Mauerstraße 39 – 42, 10117 Berlin
Contact person: E-Mail: schnellwarnsystem@bvl.bund.de
Additional information: unofficial translation:

Based on the facts, the legal situation and the risk assessment from Poland ("risk assessment prepared by NIPH-NIH experts"), which is not available here, a health hazard cannot be deduced with sufficient probability. Therefore, there is no clear violation and no sufficient legal certainty to take official measures or to publish the present distribution channels.

After consultation with the local experts of the Lower Saxony State Office for Consumer Protection and Food Safety (LAVES), the following results:

"Consumption quantities for refined palm oil for the population groups in the EU are not available here for the estimation of a TDI exhaustion.

Based on the detection value of 5138 µg/kg (the measurement uncertainty is not included in a risk assessment), a TDI of 2 µg/kg bw results in the following maximum consumption levels, which would lead to a 100% exhaustion of the TDI:

- Adult 70 kg body weight: maximum intake of 3-MCPD at 100% TDI exhaustion: $70 \text{ kg} \times 2 \text{ µg/kg} = 140 \text{ µg}$. Calculation of maximum intake of refined palm oil: $140 \text{ µg} / 5138 \text{ µg/kg fat} = 27.2 \text{ g fat}$;
- Child 16.15 kg body weight: maximum intake 3-MCPD at 100% TDI exhaustion: $16.15 \text{ kg} \times 2 \text{ µg/kg} = 32.3 \text{ µg}$. Calculation of maximum intake of refined palm oil: $32.3 \text{ µg} / 5138 \text{ µg/kg fat} = 6.2 \text{ g fat}$.

Although the analytical value represents a very high value and the consumption quantities are quite close to the TDI, with this approximation it appears mathematically comprehensible that the consumption values of 27.2 g fat for adults (70 kg) and 6.2 g fat for children (16.15 kg) are not realistically exceeded. In our opinion, a health hazard cannot be derived with sufficient probability on the basis of this analytical value."

The manufacturer in our jurisdiction also refers to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/1322 amending Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 as regards maximum levels for 3-monochloropropanediol (3-MCPD), 3-MCPD fatty acid esters and glycidyl fatty acid esters in certain foods and comments as follows:

"The oil was produced at our PCD refining facility from 25.05. – 28.05.2020. During tank release on 28.05.2020 after the end of production, a 3-MCPD-E value of 4300 µg/kg was analyzed.

3-MCPD is a process contaminant, so it is largely independent of the raw material used.

The palm oil was placed on the market by Olenex Sàrl (Switzerland) on 03 June 2020, i.e. under the previous version of Regulation (EC) No. 1881/2006.

The new 3-MCPD limits set in Regulation (EU) 2020/1322 (amending Regulation 1881/2006) will apply from 01 January 2021. However, according to Article 2 of Regulation 2020/1322, the products listed in this new section 4.3. of the Annex (including the vegetable oils such as oil palm referred to in subsections 4.3.1. and 4.3.2.) that were legally placed on the market before 01 January 2021, may continue to be marketed until their minimum durability or expiry date.

Accordingly, the Commission, in agreement with EU member states, has clearly decided not to require withdrawal from the market of products already on the market that exceed the new limits. The distribution of such products is therefore still allowed - until their best-before or expiration date."

The local manufacturer therefore sees no reason for a withdrawal or other measures. The company's HACCP concept, which has been adapted in the course of the new legislation, credibly ensures that since 01.01.2021, no oil that exceeds the limits now in force will be placed on the market.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations and measures taken

fup2 #462883 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Switzerland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Federal Food Safety and Veterinary Office FSVO
Contact person: rasff@blv.admin.ch
Additional information: Distribution lists attached.
Distribution to: Austria, Czech Republic, Germany, Hungary, Lithuania, Poland, Slovak Republic and Sweden.
Follow-up type: additional information
fup3 #463163 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference: B#.RA.420.1123.2020
Organisation / ministry: Chief Sanitary Inspectorate
Contact person: Czyzewska labela rasff_poland@gis.gov.pl
Additional information: In addition to the original notification and in relation to the information provided in fup1, below we present the main points of the risk assessment prepared by the National Institute of Public Health - National Institute of Hygiene, which have been unofficially translated into English (the risk assessment will be attached as soon as the possibility of attaching files will be restored):
The notified product (gastronomic fat 100% refined palm oil) is used in the preparation of many dishes that require deep frying. One of the more common uses is for frying French fries, therefore this product was selected as representative in this risk assessment.
In the case of ready-to-eat French fries, the fat content comes primarily from the frying oil. Depending on the method of frying, the oil content ranges from 14% to 18%, for the purposes of the risk assessment it was assumed that the fat content is 16%. A detailed assessment of the consumption of French fries by consumers was carried out in the EFSA study Scientific Opinion on acrylamide in food (EFSA CONTAM Panel, 2015. Scientific Opinion on acrylamide in food. EFSA Journal 2015; 13 (6): 4104) - the consumption data is universal and it is justified to use it for this risk assessment. In the case of the average consumption of french fries in the group of children, the median consumption is 28 g/day, while in the group of children with high consumption of french fries (95th percentile) the median is 49 g/day and the maximum is 102 g/day. In the group of adult consumers, the median consumption of French fries is 66 g/day, while for consumers with high consumption (95th percentile) of French fries the median is 153 g/day, and the maximum is 225 g/day. Based on the result obtained and the presented data on consumption, the daily intake was determined. In the group of children (body weight was assumed to be 20 kg) for the average consumption it is 1,1 µg/kg b.w., while in the high consumption group it is from 2,0 µg/kg b.w. (median) up to 4,2 µg/kg b.w. (maximum). In the case of adult consumers (body weight was assumed to be 70 kg), the intake for the medium consumption group is 0,8 µg/kg b.w., while for the high consumption group it is from 1,8 µg/kg b.w. (median) to 2,6 (maximum). Comparing the obtained results of exposure to the TDI value of 2,0 µg/kg b.w. it should be stated that for consumers who consume significant amounts of French fries (both children and adults) this value may be exceeded. It should also be noted that teenagers often have a higher consumption of fries than adults.
Taking into account the possible exceeding of the tolerable daily intake in various groups of consumers, it should be considered that the food in question poses a risk to the health of consumers and should not be consumed and used as frying fat. It should be emphasized that the planned introduction of the MRL for palm oil at the level of 2500 µg/kg from January 2021 was planned well in advance in order to enable producers to meet the requirements in this regard.
Follow-up type: additional information

fup4 #464673 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry:

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: The risk assessment is attached.

Follow-up type: accompanying documents

fup5 #465201 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Sweden - Upplands Väsby Municipal Authority

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Upplands Väsby municipality, environmental department

Contact person: Ghazi.Alhindawi@upplandsvasby.se

Additional information: Upplands Väsby municipality, environmental department has had contacts with Mondelez who has received delivery of the palm oil and asked about the oil that the company has received during June 2020. Mondelez has responded with the following:
" Mondel#z is in agreement with the statement from the German authority that the batch of palm oil in question was legally compliant in the market at the time of delivery and not deemed to be a health risk to the public (see below):

"The palm oil was placed on the market by Olenex Sàrl (Switzerland) on 03 June 2020, i.e. under the previous version of Regulation (EC) No. 1881/2006. The new 3-MCPD limits set in Regulation (EU) 2020/1322 (amending Regulation 1881/2006) will apply from 01 January 2021. However, according to Article 2 of Regulation 2020/1322, the products listed in this new section 4.3. of the Annex (including the vegetable oils such as oil palm referred to in subsections 4.3.1. and 4.3.2.) that were legally placed on the market before 01 January 2021, may continue to be marketed until their minimum durability or expiry date. Accordingly, the Commission, in agreement with EU member states, has clearly decided not to require withdrawal from the market of products already on the market that exceed the new limits. The distribution of such products is therefore still allowed - until their best-before or expiration date."

After that, the environmental department asked Mondelez about the products that have been produced from the palm oil in question and has received the following answer.

The specific batch of palm oil was used by the factory between 9-11th June 2020. We have no oil left and we have no end products left in our warehouses and the products that have been produced with the specific palm oil have either the best before the expired date or best before 2021-03-28 and therefore it is unlikely that there is a product left of these in store.

According to mondelez it is known that the products have sold and if there is in the current situation something on the market can be a very small part with the best before the date

2021-03-28. No further actions will be taken.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations and measures taken

fup6 #465352 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Czech Republic

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Czech Agriculture and Food Inspection Authority

Contact person: rasff@szpi.gov.cz

Additional information: Reaction to fup2: The authority conducted inspection at the Czech operator Mondelez CR Biscuit Production s.r.o. The refined palm oil batch number 20049012 has been used as a raw material in manufacture of several products (biscuits and wafers). The content of palm oil in finished products is between 16 - 19 %. Two types of finished products were distributed to Netherlands (Mondeléz International Biscuits – Herentals, De Beukelaer 1 Pareinlaan 1, 2200 Herentals) and Belgium (Weerts Logistics c/o Mondeléz International, Avenue du parc industriel 66, 4042 Milmort). One type of wafers was distributed to France (FM Mormant Mondelez, 619 RTE Departementale Lied Dit la Justice 77720 Mormant). The specification of products, lot numbers and other details are in the attached delivery notes (only products and batches marked with yellow are involved).

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup7 #465692 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Chief Sanitary Inspectorate

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: The investigation shows that Interfood Polska Sp. z o.o., brokered the sale of the product called Refined palm oil, batch number: 20049691. Purchased from the entity: Olenex Edible Oils GmbH in total: 24,000 kg of the above-mentioned of the product, then all goods were sold and delivered to the company: Koliba Trade, Krivec 3057, 962 05 Hrinova, Slovakia. The product in question was delivered by a tanker, directly from Brake (Germany, loading on: 02.06.2020) to Hrinova (Slovakia, unloading on: 04.06.2020). Please note that Switzerland informed that: Olenex has provided information on distribution. It is very likely that the entire quantity delivered has already been used by its customers. No additional measures taken.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup8 #465877 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Germany - Niedersachsen

CP Reference: 1_002_210212_1_NI

Organisation / ministry: Bundesamt für Verbraucherschutz und Lebensmittelsicherheit, Mauerstraße 39 – 42, 10117 Berlin

Contact person: E-Mail: schnellwarnsystem@bvl.bund.de

Additional information: Anfrage aus Litauen, Antwort der Kommission (Konversation zu 2021.0019 (ID 14144) ; fup 2-7:

Die Frage, ob das Produkt gemäß Art. 14 VO 178/2002 als sicher zu betrachten ist, ist von jeder zuständigen Behörde der Empfänger in eigener Zuständigkeit in Abhängigkeit vom Verwendungszweck und der Exposition der Bevölkerung zu den hergestellten Produkten und darin enthaltenen Mengenanteilen im Einzelnen zu betrachten. Die Risikobewertung der polnischen Behörden ist nach hiesiger Ansicht lediglich auf eine Anwendung als Frittierfett und hier konkret für Pommes Frites übertragbar.

Der Produktionsbetrieb bzw. dessen übergeordnete Organisation mit Hauptsitzen in den Niederlanden und in der Schweiz haben unter Rechtsberatung des Mutterkonzerns Archer Daniels Midland (USA) alle Abnehmer über die vorliegende Schnellwarnung und den dort amtlich festgestellten Wert 3-MCPD-Ester informiert. So haben die abnehmenden Lebensmittelunternehmer die

Möglichkeit eigenverantwortlich in Abhängigkeit vom Verwendungszweck und -Menge eigene Risikobewertungen anzustellen.

In Anbetracht der Rückmeldungen aus verschiedenen Mitgliedstaaten, dass keine weiteren Maßnahmen durchgeführt werden, da Ware überwiegend verbraucht und die Risikobewertung bezogen auf die Verwendung uneinheitlich ist, wird die Kommission freundlichst gebeten die Meldung zu einer Informationsmeldung zur Kenntnisnahme herabzustufen.

/// unofficial translation: Referring to the request from Lithuania, Commission response (conversation on 2021.0019 (ID 14144) and fup 2-7:

The question whether the product is to be considered safe according to Art. 14 of Regulation 178/2002 is to be considered in detail by each competent authority of the recipients in its own competence depending on the intended use and the exposure of the population to the manufactured products and quantities contained therein. According to the competent authority, the risk assessment of the Polish authorities can only be transferred to an application as frying fat and here specifically for French fries.

The production company or its superordinate organization with headquarters in the Netherlands and Switzerland, with legal advice from the parent company Archer Daniels Midland (USA), informed all purchasers about the notification and the officially determined value of 3-MCPD ester there. Thus, the purchasing food business operators have the possibility to carry out their own risk assessments depending on the intended use and quantity.

In view of the feedback from various Member States that no further action will be taken because the goods are mainly consumed and the risk assessment related to the use is inconsistent, the Commission is kindly requested to downgrade the notification to an information notification for information.

Follow-up type: notification reclassification

fup9 #466153 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Belgium

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Belgian Federal Agency for the Safety of the Food Chain (FASFC)

Contact person: Ilse De Neve
tra@favv.be

Additional information: The products that were distributed to Belgium are no longer on the market (BBD 22/12/2020), so no measures were taken in Belgium.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup10 #466246 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - European Commission

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: european.commission

Contact person: HAVLIKOVA

Additional information: Poland agrees with the position of Germany that: "The question whether the product is to be considered safe according to Art. 14 of Regulation 178/2002 is to be considered in detail by each competent authority of the recipients in its own competence depending on the intended use and the exposure of the population to the manufactured products and quantities contained therein."
The notification was thus downgraded to information for follow up.

Follow-up type: notification downgrade

fup11 #466370 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Netherlands

CP Reference: 21C0084

Organisation / ministry: Netherlands Food and Consumer Product Safety Authority (NVWA)

Contact person: vwa.dtalert@vwa.nl

Additional information: The Netherlands would like to remind other LS to article 2 of COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/1322, which states:
Foodstuffs listed under point 4.3 of the Annex to Regulation (EC) No 1881/2006 that were lawfully placed on the market before 1 January 2021 may continue to be marketed until their date of minimum durability or use-by date.
Therefore the Netherlands decided they cannot enforce withdrawal of this product. However the CA will inform Mondelez about this notification, and inform if the FBO wants to take voluntary measures e.g. when the product/palmoil is used for production of food for infants and young children.

Follow-up type: additional information

fup12 #466575 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Austria

CP Reference: 2021.0019-fup2

Organisation / ministry: Austrian Agency for Health and Food Safety, contact- and assistancepoint

Contact person: Mag. Laura Müller
Innsbrucker Bundesstr. 47,
5020 Salzburg,
Tel: +43 (0)5 0555 44215
Mail: kontakt.rasff@ages.at

Additional information: In Austria the concerned product were processed completeyl in other products.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup13 #463257 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Slovakia

CP Reference: Referring to fup2

Organisation / ministry: The State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic, Botanicka 17, 842 13 Bratislava

Contact person:

Additional information: The address mentioned in distribution list (37-504 Jaroslaw) is not located in the Slovak Republic.

Follow-up type: additional information

fup14 #466799 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Slovakia

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: The State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic, Botanicka 17, 842 13 Bratislava

Contact person: Ing. Zuzana Fischerová
Zuzana.Fischerova@svps.sk
+421 02 602 5 429

Additional information: Referring to fup7: The refined palm oil was used in the establishment Koliba Trade s.r.o. as a raw material for the production of complex food products - cheese analogues. The refined palm oil in question was processed by 1 January 2021 and the BBD of products manufactured by 1 January 2021 had been

already expired. The products were distributed on the market in the Slovak Republic, Member States and third countries.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup15 #468121 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry:

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: During the investigation carried out at the customer's place of Olenex Sarl, ie Wytwórnia fatów ADM Czernin S.A., Górki 14, 82-400 Sztum, it was found that the company had not been informed about the risk. The oil in question and products manufactured with its participation were delivered to recipients in Poland and one recipient in Lithuania - SIRMULIS UAB, TOPOLIUS STR. 2, 54136 KAUNAS

Follow-up type:

fup16 #468448 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry:

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: Distribution to Lithuania, Hungary and Slovakia

Follow-up type: additional information

fup17 #467758 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Hungary

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: Nébih

Contact person: Finta/Dorogházi

Additional information: The Hungarian Company (Fernex Kft.) was informed about the objection by the Hungarian authority. They purchased the concerned palm oil directly from OLENEX group of companies. The total received quantities (23760 kg) were resold to its domestic partner (company Food-Team Kft.), who was notified by Fernex Kft., but the products have already been out of stock.

A magyar cég (Fernex Kft.) a Hatóság értesítését követően értesült a termékkel szemben felmerült kifogásról. A Kft. közvetlenül az OLENEX cégcsoporttól vásárolta meg az érintett pálmaolajat. Az összes beérkezett mennyiség tovább értékesítésre került belföldi partnerüknek (Food-Team Kft.), akit értesítettek, de a cég már nem rendelkezik a kifogásolt termékkel.

Follow-up type: outcome of investigations

fup18 #468573 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry:

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: Corrigendum of distribution. Distribution was to Latvia not Lithuania. The company Unifet Sp. z o.o. decided to inform customers of frying fats about defective batch numbers (frying fats contain 100% palm oil) in order to determine whether they have them in stock.

Follow-up type: additional information

fup19 #468576 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Lithuania

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry: State Food and Veterinary Service of the Republic of Lithuania

Contact person: Fausta KVARACIEJUTE

Additional information: corrigendum for fup16:
the company SIA "Saltums 2" is not the Lithuanian company, it is Latvian company.

Follow-up type: corrigendum

fup20 #468795 - ec validated - AAC/RASFF - Poland

CP Reference:

Organisation / ministry:

Contact person: Czyzewska

Additional information: Distribution to Ukraine

Follow-up type: additional information

Attached documents

General documents:

notId	Type	File name
459313	analytical report	Sprawozdaniezbada.pdf

Products Operators information documents:

notId	Type	File name
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Related Products Operators information documents:

notId	Type	File name
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